# **FIO** Series

R-S-A3.0-(3.0)-...-22°-UV

**UV** reflected-light fiber optics

- UV light-conducting glass fibers for reflected light operation
- Sensor head type A3.0 (fiber bundle Ø 3 mm)
- High quality
- Silicone metal sheath
- Thermally stable up to 180°
- Beam opening angle 22°
- Total length 600 mm or 1200 mm
- Standard adapter for use with SPECTRO-1-FIO-UV-... and SPECTRO-3-FIO-...-UV sensor types



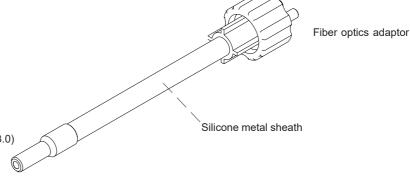


## Design

#### **Product name:**

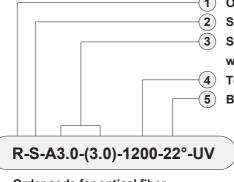
R-S-A3.0-(3.0)-600-22°-UV R-S-A3.0-(3.0)-1200-22°-UV

> Sensor head type R-S-A3.0-(3.0) (reflected-light operation)





### **Order Code**



1 Operating mode (R = reflected-light operation)

**2** Sheathing type (S = silicone-metal sheathing)

**3** Sensor head type (A3.0 = sensor head type A, variant 3.0) with size of fiber bundle (Ø 3.0 mm)

Total length of optical fiber (e.g. 1200 mm)

Beam opening angle (22°)

Instruments

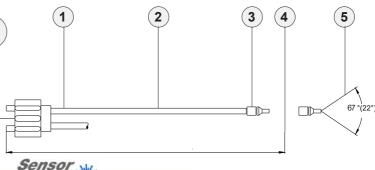
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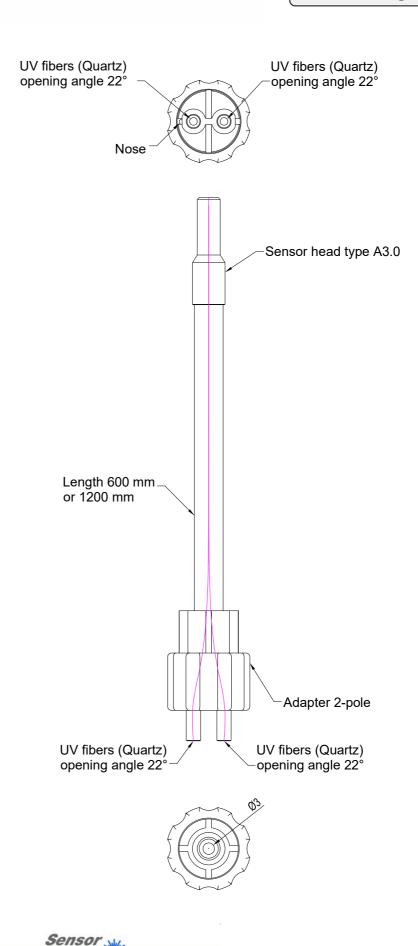
Order code for optical fiber





Design

R-S-A3.0-(3.0)-600-22°-UV R-S-A3.0-(3.0)-1200-22°-UV









**Characteristics** 

#### General characteristics of fiber optics

Light-conducting glass fibers are optical components that allow the transmission of light through any curved path based on the principle of total reflection. The individual fiber is composed of high-break core glass and low-break cladding glass. The light beams entering the core glass within the critical angle are guided through the fiber by way of reflection at the core/cladding contact surfaces (step index fiber).

The highly flexible fiber optics are made of bundled individual glass fibers. The ends are each glued into a sensor head and a connector. The faces are optically polished. For protection against mechanical, chemical, or thermal destruction the optical fibers are provided with a corresponding protective sheath.

Fiber optics (optical fibers) offer solutions for difficult tasks in optoelectronis and are primarily used wherever compact devices are too big, too heavy, or technically unviable.



Technical Data

|   | Fiber optics of FIO Series   |
|---|--|
| Diameter of a single fiber  | 70 μm (standard fiber, optimum ratio between transmission and flexibility)   |
| Opening angle   | standard fiber 67° (NA 0,56)<br>special fiber 22° (NA 0,21)<br>special UV fiber 22° (80/100 µm)  |
| Material  | optical glass (e.g. quartz glass)  |
| Dielectric strength   | 50 kV/mm with PVC sheathing  |
| Special versions  | -VS: version with vibration protection -T400: version with increased temperature stability up to +400°C (due to special bonding of the fibers) |
| Permissable temperature range for various sheathings with a corresponding fiber bonding | PVC (P): -20°C +80°C  Metal (M): +40°C +180°C  Metal with special bonding (E): -40°C +400°C  Silicone-metal (S): -40°C +180°C                  |



**Mounting Hints** 

#### Please note the following information on the usage and mounting of optical fibers:

Fiber optics consist of a large number of single glass fibers with a diameter from 10 up to 70 μm. In spite of their high flexibility and resistance they have to be protected against tension, twist off, and bend.



Bending radius: At least 4 times the sheath's outside diameter

Mounting: Without heavy pressure to the fiber

Installment: Tension-free!

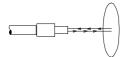
For applications with heavy mechanical strain we recommend to use fiber optics with silicone-metal sheath.





**Operating Mode** 

## R = Reflected light operation



Transmitter and receiver fibers are contained in <u>one</u> fiber optics cable.

The light comes from the transmitter fibers, is reflected at the object to be measured, and reaches the evaluation amplifier through the receiver fibers.



**Sheathing** 

#### S = Silicone-metal sheath



Metal wire-spiral-reinforced hose with glass-fiber braiding and silicone rubber sheathing

## **Characteristics:**

- Very flexible, ideal for frequent bending
- Highly resistant to bending, tension and torsion
- Temperature-stable from -60 °C to +180 °C
- Liquid-tight

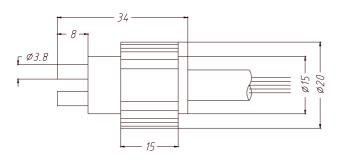
Bending radius corresponds to three times the external diameter of the sheath.

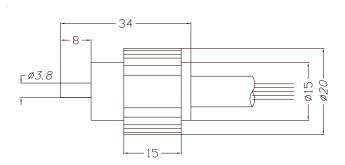
### Advantages:

- Highly flexible
- High resistance to kinking
- High tensile and torsional strength
- Thermally stable from -40°C to +180°C
- Liquid-tight



**Dimensions of Adaptor** 

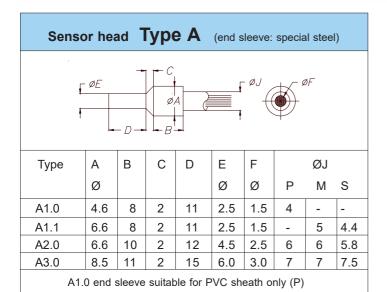








## **Sensor Head Type**



P = PVC sheath

M = Metal sheath

S = Silicone metal sheath



# **Standard Lengths**

Available standard lengths are 600 mm or 1200 mm ((special cable lengths are also available), length tolerance +2%



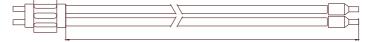
Total length I = 600 mm or 1200 mm



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**Beam Opening Angle** 

Schematic drawing: Opening angle 22°

